

## Silica Gel

### **Protection Experts Australia**

Chemwatch: 5154-66 Version No: 6.1.1.1

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 1

Issue Date: 08/11/2019 Print Date: **08/11/2019** S.GHS.AUS.EN

#### SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier			
Product name	Silica Gel		
Synonyms	Esorb		
Other means of identification	Not Available		
Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Relevant identified uses	Dehydration agent.		
Details of the supplier of the sa	afety data sheet		
Registered company name	Protection Experts Australia	Absortech Asia Pacific Pte Ltd	
Address	13 Phiney Place Ingleburn NSW 2565 Australia	12 Tannery Road #05-01 HB Center 1 Singapore 347722 Singapore	
Telephone	+61406936575	+65 6423 9271	
Fax	+61280070526	+65 6423 9372	
Website	www.pro-ex.com.au	https://www.absortech.com/	
Email	sales@pro-ex.com.au	asiapacific@absortech.com	
Emergency telephone number			
Association / Organisation	Not Available		
Emergency telephone numbers	Not Available		
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available		

### **SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

numbers

## Classification of the substance or mixture

# NON-HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable
Classification [1]	Not Applicable
Label elements	
Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable
SIGNAL WORD	NOT APPLICABLE

# Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

### Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

## Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

## Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

### Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

### **SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

## Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
Not Available		silicon dioxide as
7631-86-9	>90	silica amorphous

7732-18-5 <10 <u>water</u>

## **SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES**

## Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes: Wash out immediately with water. If irritation continues, seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs: Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### Extinguishing media

There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.

Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known.	
Advice for firefighters		
Fire Fighting	Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.  Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.  Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.  Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.  DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.  Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.  If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.	
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Non combustible. Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn.	
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable	

# SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

#### **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear impervious gloves and safety glasses. Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust. Vacuum up (consider explosion-proof machines designed to be grounded during storage and use). Do NOT use air hoses for cleaning Place spilled material in clean, dry, sealable, labelled container.
Major Spills	Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment and dust respirator. Prevent spillage from entering drains, sewers or water courses. Recover product wherever possible. Avoid generating dust. Sweep / shovel up.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

### **SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Precautions for safe handling	
Safe handling	Limit all unnecessary personal contact.  Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.  Use in a well-ventilated area.  When handling DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.  Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.  Avoid physical damage to containers.  Use good occupational work practice.
Other information	Keep dry. Store under cover. Protect containers against physical damage. Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Polyethylene or polypropylene container. Packing as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	None known

# SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **Control parameters**

# OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

# | INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	silica amorphous	Fumed silica (respirable dust)	2 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	See Silica -Amorphous
Australia Exposure Standards	silica amorphous	Silica - Amorphous: Fume (thermally generated) (respirable dust)	2 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	(e) Containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica.
Australia Exposure Standards	silica amorphous	Silica - Amorphous: Fumed silica (respirable dust)	2 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	silica amorphous	Diatomaceous earth (uncalcined)	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	See Silica -Amorphous; (a) This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica.
Australia Exposure Standards	silica amorphous	Silica gel	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	See Silica -Amorphous; (a) This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica.
Australia Exposure Standards	silica amorphous	Precipitated silica	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	See Silica -Amorphous; (a) This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica.
Australia Exposure Standards	silica amorphous	Silica - Amorphous: Precipitated silica	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	(a) This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica.
Australia Exposure Standards	silica amorphous	Silica - Amorphous: Silica gel	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	(a) This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica.
Australia Exposure Standards	silica amorphous	Silica - Amorphous: Diatomaceous earth (uncalcined)	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	(a) This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica.

## EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
silica amorphous	Silica gel, amorphous synthetic	18 mg/m3	200 mg/m3	1,200 mg/m3
silica amorphous	Silica, amorphous fumed	18 mg/m3	100 mg/m3	630 mg/m3
silica amorphous	Siloxanes and silicones, dimethyl, reaction products with silica; (Hydrophobic silicon dioxide, amorphous)	120 mg/m3	1,300 mg/m3	7,900 mg/m3
silica amorphous	Silica, amorphous fume	45 mg/m3	500 mg/m3	3,000 mg/m3
silica amorphous	Silica amorphous hydrated	18 mg/m3	220 mg/m3	1,300 mg/m3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH	
silica amorphous	3,000 mg/m3	Not Available	
water	Not Available	Not Available	

# Exposure controls

Josuie Controls			
Appropriate engineering controls	General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions.		
Personal protection			
Eye and face protection	Safety glasses with side shields; or as required, Chemical goggles. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly.		
Skin protection	See Hand protection below		
Hands/feet protection	Wear general protective gloves, eg. light weight rubber gloves.		
Body protection	See Other protection below		
Other protection	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: Overalls. Barrier cream. Eyewash unit.		

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required. Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	-AUS P2	-	-PAPR-AUS / Class 1 P2
up to 50 x ES	-	-AUS / Class 1 P2	-
up to 100 x ES	-	-2 P2	-PAPR-2 P2 ^

<sup>^ -</sup> Full-face

# SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Transparent granules; does not	mix with water.	
Physical state	Divided Solid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Applicable
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	1708-1718	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	Not Applicable	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Applicable	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Applicable
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Applicable	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Applicable
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Applicable	VOC g/L	Not Available

# SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

# SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product	
	•	er classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack
Ingestion	of corroborating animal or human evidence.	
Skin Contact	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting.	
Еуе	Although the material is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).	
Chronic	Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying with cracking, irritation and possible dermatitis following.  Long term exposure to high dust concentrations may cause changes in lung function i.e. pneumoconiosis, caused by particles less than 0.5 micron penetrating and remaining in the lung.	
Silica Gel	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
Oilica Cei	Not Available	Not Available
	тохісіту	IRRITATION
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >5000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): non-irritating *
silica amorphous	Inhalation (rat) LC50: >0.139 mg/l/14h**[Grace] <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>
	Oral (rat) LD50: 3160 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Skin (rabbit): non-irritating *
		Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

	тохісіту	IRRITATION
water	Oral (rat) LD50: >90000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Not Available
Legend:	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effe	
SILICA AMORPHOUS	Reports indicate high/prolonged exposures to amorphous silicas induc effects were reversible. [PATTYS] For silica amorphous: When experimental animals inhale synthetic amorphous silica (SAS) d the vast majority of SAS is excreted in the faeces and there is little acc eliminated via urine without modification in animals and humans. SAS After ingestion, there is limited accumulation of SAS in body tissues an calculated, but appears to be insignificant in animals and humans. SAS removal.  The substance is classified by IARC as Group 3:  NOT classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.  Evidence of carcinogenicity may be inadequate or limited in animal tes	ust, it dissolves in the lung fluid and is rapidly eliminated. If swallowed, umulation in the body. Following absorption across the gut, SAS is is not expected to be broken down (metabolised) in mammals. d rapid elimination occurs. Intestinal absorption has not been as injected subcutaneously are subjected to rapid dissolution and
WATER	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.	
Acute Toxicity	C	arcinogenicity
Skin Irritation/Corrosion		Reproductivity
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	STOT - Si	ngle Exposure
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	STOT - Repe	ated Exposure
Mutagenicity	Asp	oiration Hazard

Legend:

- Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification
- Data available to make classification

# **SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## Toxicity

	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
Pro-Ex Silica Gel	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish	1-289.09mg/L	2
silica amorphous	EC50	48	Crustacea	ca.7600mg/L	1
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	440mg/L	1
	NOEC	720	Crustacea	34.223mg/L	2
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
water	LC50	96	Fish	897.520mg/L	3
	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	8768.874mg/L	3
Legend:	Suite V3.12 (Q	SAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estima	CCHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Inf sted) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicit pp. Data 7. METI (Japan) - Rioconcentration Data 8	y Data 5. ECETOC Aquat	•

Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

# DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

## Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
silica amorphous	LOW	LOW
water	LOW	LOW

# Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
silica amorphous	LOW (LogKOW = 0.5294)
water	LOW (LogKOW = -1.38)

## Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
silica amorphous	LOW (KOC = 23.74)
water	LOW (KOC = 14.3)

# **SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal	Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.  Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.  Bury residue in an authorised landfill.  Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.
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#### **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### Labels Required

<u> </u>	
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

#### **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### SILICA AMORPHOUS IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Exposure Standards

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 4

GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

#### WATER IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

IMO IBC Code Chapter 18: List of products to which the Code does not apply

#### **National Inventory Status**

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Yes
Canada - DSL	Yes
Canada - NDSL	No (water)
China - IECSC	Yes
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes
Japan - ENCS	Yes
Korea - KECI	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Philippines - PICCS	Yes
USA - TSCA	Yes
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes
Mexico - INSQ	Yes
Vietnam - NCI	Yes
Russia - ARIPS	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

### **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

Revision Date	08/11/2019
Initial Date	27/10/2014

### **SDS Version Summary**

Version	Issue Date	Sections Updated
5.1.1.1	01/11/2019	One-off system update. NOTE: This may or may not change the GHS classification
6.1.1.1	08/11/2019	Synonyms, Name

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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